ANDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION And INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Denise M. Keene Certified Public Accountant P.O. Box 1444 Georgetown, Kentucky 40324 859-421-5062

ANDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Pages
Independent Auditor's Report	4-6
Management's Discussion and Analysis	7-13
Basic Financial Statements:	
District-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the District-Wide Statement of Activities	19
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	. 21
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	22
Notes to the Financial Statements	23-60
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budget Comparison: Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund	62
Budgetary Comparison Schedule for Special Revenue	63

ANDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION TABLE OF CONTENTS **Pages** Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability 64 Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions 65 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability 66 **Schedule of the District's OPEB Contributions** 67 **Notes to the Required Supplementary Information** 68-71 **Other Supplementary Information** Combining Statements - Nonmajor Funds: 72 Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in 73 Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statements – Fund 25: Combining Statement of Receipts and Disbursements 74 - Fund 25 Statement of Receipts and Disbursements **Anderson County High School** 75-76 77-78 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards 79 Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance And Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statement Performed in Accordance 80-81 with Government Auditing Standards Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program And on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance 82-83

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings

Management Letter

84

85

86-89

DENISE M KEENE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT P.O. BOX 1444 GEORGETOWN, KENTUCKY 40324 859-421-5062

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

State Committee For School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Anderson County Board of Education Lawrenceburg, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Anderson County Board of Education as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board as of June 30, 2022 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Board's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Board's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 7 through 13 and budgetary comparison information on pages 62 and 63; the Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Pension Contributions on pages 64 and 65; the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of OPEB Contributions on pages 66 and 67, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential

part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combing and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Emphasis of Matter

During the year, the Board adopted the new suite of Statements of Auditing Standards (SAS) numbers 134 through 140. As described in Note Q to the financial statements, the Board adopted new accounting guidance, *GASB Statement No. 87, Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2022 on our consideration of the Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Denise M. Keene

Denise M. Keene, CPA Georgetown, Kentucky November 14, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

As management of the Anderson County Board of Education (District), we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented herein along with District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash balance for the District was \$10 million in 2022 and \$8.2 million in 2021.
- The General Fund had \$31,875,930 in revenues, which primarily consisted of funding from the State's Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) program and revenues from taxes, which include property taxes, motor vehicle taxes, and utility taxes. This compares to \$30.1 million in General Fund revenues from the prior year, which is a 6% increase.
- The District's ending net position increased by \$3,314,184, primarily due to changes in the net pension liability and increase in revenue.

OTHER HIGHLIGHTS

- One focus for ACMS for the 2021-2022 school year was to promote kindness and ensure our students' social and emotional well-being. We started our efforts during Summer Camp. One of our goals with camp was to build relationships not only between students and ACMS staff but among students as well. Students participated in small-group activities throughout the weeks that focused on kindness, community, giving back and paying it forward. They played games, worked on academic skills, and made items to donate to our local animal shelters and rescues as well as our senior citizen center and nursing home.
- Another focus of ACMS has been to frequently recognize student success from within the school day. ACMS purchased an enhanced poster printer that not only allows us to print posters and banners for use in our school and classrooms but it is also utilized to promote student success. We use the printer to print our Student of the Month recognition posters. We use it to showcase students hard at work and participating in engaging, fun activities at ACMS in the classroom environment. The printer has the ability to print outdoor banners and the yard signs that we will place in each of our Student of the Months' yards.
- SECC kindergarten scored above the national mean on reading and math at the end of the 2020-21 school year according to MAP scores. Five teachers stayed after school to offer ESS for students who needed extra support.
- Emma B. Ward Elementary School continues to focus on building and maintaining a positive school culture and climate among students, families and staff. We are a registered Kind Campus through the Ben's Bells Project and continue to teach and practice intentional kindness. The 2022 Quality School and Climate Survey resulted in the following information: 95% of

students reported either they agree or strongly agree that Emma B. Ward is a caring place. 97% of students reported agreeing or strongly agreeing that adults from my school work hard to make sure students are safe. For the previous 2 years Emma B. Ward has received an exemplary safety audit from the KY School Marshall, providing evidence of the culture of safety that exists at the school. In addition, over 20 teachers worked during summer academies to mitigate student learning loss experienced due to the Covid-19 pandemic.

- ACHS scored above the state average in all KSA content areas for the 21-22 school year. Overall
 the class of 2024 scored approximately 13 points higher than their peers in reading and 10
 points higher in math.
- ACHS had eight students selected to participate in the Governor's Scholars Program for the 21-22 school year. These students spent the summer at various college campuses throughout the state studying topics of their interests and meeting like-minded students.
- Saffell Street Elementary (SSE) continued focus on safety and climate for students and staff
 which rated Green on KSA with the highest score within the district. SSE continued growth in
 Reading and Math on both KSA and MAP. SSE celebrated school wide and student goals at the of
 the 2022 school year.
- Robert B Turner Elementary (RBT) was 1 of 115 schools out of 721 considered a high performing "Green" school in the state of Kentucky on the 21/22 KSA assessment.
 - On the KSA assessment, 3rd-5th grade students combined for only 16.48% scoring novice, while 57.88% scored proficient or distinguished in reading.
 - o In math, 3rd-5th grade students indicated 11.72% scored novice, while 57.51% scored proficient or distinguished.
 - o Robert B. Turner scored higher than the state average in every content area on the KSA assessment. Reading scored 13.5 points above the state average. Math was 21 points above the state average. Science scored 13.5 points above the state average. Social Studies scored 16.4 points above the state average, and Combined Writing was 22.6 points above the state average.
 - o Both our students and teachers set academic goals, and we met them and celebrated them! So proud of all of our student and teacher Titans for their hard work and accomplishments throughout the 21/22 school year.
- Anderson Community Education Center continued its participation and commitment to the virtual learning program at ACHS. We worked with 80 seniors in their quest for their high school diploma. Through our collaboration with the First 5 Bluegrass Community Early Childhood Council and the Governor's Office of Early Childhood Education, we opened the ACCECC Lending Library. This library, housed at ACE, provides families with children ages birth to 5 the opportunity to come in and check out age appropriate educational manipulatives and materials. We participated in the opening Anderson Counties Dolly Parton Imagination Library and continue to support fundraising efforts for this program. ACE coordinates and participates in 5 family engagement activities each year that supports 50 families with children ages birth to 8 and provides an evening of family engagement activities. Our most popular being "Cookie & Cocoa" where dinner is served, families decorate Christmas cookies and children visit with Santa.

ACHS scored above the state average for overall composite scores on the ACT.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) district-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

District-wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the net position of the District changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

In both statements, the District's activities are shown in one category as governmental activities. The governmental activities of the District include services related to K-12 education. These activities are primarily supported through property taxes, Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) funding, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The district-wide financial statements begin on page 14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds- Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the district-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the district-wide financial statements,

it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decision. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in Fund Balances for the general fund, special revenue fund, district activity fund, capital outlay fund, Facilities Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) fund, school construction fund and the debt service fund.

Proprietary funds- Proprietary funds are used to account for food services and day care programs which re operated by the District like a business. The proprietary fund statements offer short and long term financial information about the activities of these funds.

Fiduciary funds- Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the district-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the district's own programs. The District uses the fiduciary fund to account for private purpose trust funds used for scholarships.

The fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-22 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements start on page 23 this report.

District-wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$1.8 million for governmental activities and liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows by \$510 thousand for business-type activities at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Net position is summarized in Table 1.

• The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, furniture and equipment, vehicles), les any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Changes in net position- The District's net position increased by \$3,314,184 from the prior fiscal year.

TABLE 1

Net position for the period ending June 30, 2022 and 2021

2022 District-wide net position compared to 2021 are as follows:

	ėi		Ne	t Position	(in	thousands	١			. ::		
		Governmental			1	Busine	٠.	vno	Total			
		2022		2021	:	2022		2021	. :	2022		2021
Assets	\$	57,719	Ś	57,754		1,466		810	Ś	59,185	\$	58,564
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	7,150				641		720				6,381
		7,200	Ψ.	3,002	· •	0,1	Y		. •	,,,,,	. •	0,002
Liabilities	s	55,666	\$	60,350	\$	2,072	\$	2,725	Ś	57,738	Ś	63,075
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	7,423			\$	546		202		7,969		3,915
	. •	7,1-0	•		•	3.0	Ψ.		•		T .	= / = -
Investment in capital assets								:	:			
(net of debt)	\$	12,165	\$	10,244	\$	102	\$	124	\$	12,267	Ś	10,368
Restricted	\$	6,699	\$	5,457	\$		•		•			3,937
Unrestricted	\$	(17,085)		(16,350)		(ULL)		.(2,020)		(17,085)		(16,350)
Total Net Position	Š	1,779	_	(649)	ς.	(510)	ς	(1,396)	_			(2,045)
TABLE 2	.			(0.3)		,,,,,,		(2,330)	. *	1,200	Ĭ	(2,0.0)
IABLE 2	· .		Ch.	angos in N	lo+	Position (in	. +h	oueande)				
		Govern			e.	Busine				· · · · · ·	otal	
Revenues		2022		2021	:	2022	33-L	2021	:	2022	Ota	2021
Local Revenue Sources	\$	14,876	\$	14.025	\$	303	ć	2021	: e	15,179	ė	14,252
State Revenue Sources	ڊ : \$	24,237	\$	22,701	ڊ 5	157	\$	168	•	24,394	\$	22,869
Federal Revenue Sources	\$	6,136	-	4,968			ج چ	1,932		8,807	\$	6,900
	\$	105	. *	121	ب \$	2,071	⊋ .\$	1,532	ر \$	105	у \$	121
Investments	S	45,354	\$	41,815				2,327	_	48,485	<u> </u>	44,142
Total Revenues		43,334	Ç	41,013	့	3,131	Ģ	2,327	Ą	40,403	٠,	44,142
Evnonces		: '-			:			· :	:	. ::::		
Expenses Instruction	; \$	27,619	\$	25,171			:.		ċ	27,619	\$	25,171
	\$	872	\$	698				:::: :	\$		\$	698
Student Support Services	\$	1,897	\$	2,002	:				\$	1,897	\$	2,002
Instructional Support District Administration	ج \$	903	\$	2,002		*:	:. :		ر \$	903	\$	914
School Administration	ڊ غ	1,856	\$	1,791	:				\$	1,856	Š	1,791
	\$	756	\$	709				•	Ś	756	\$	709
Business Support		3,200	\$	3,099				500	\$	3,200	\$	3,099
Plant Operations Student Transportation	\$ \$	2,117	۶ \$	2,372		*:	:		ب 5	2,117	\$	2,372
ing the control of the first of the control of the	; ;		\$	2,372			- 1		Š	30	\$	2,372
Other non instruction	\$	30 31	ڊ \$	19	\$	2.181	\$	1,849	\$	2.212	\$	1,868
Food Service	\$	478	چ .\$	306				260	ب \$		ب \$.	566
Day Care Operations	\$		ج	269	: 7	(37)	ð	200	\$	329	\$	269
Community Services		329 163	ن خ	1,876	: :	1.1			۶	323	٦	209
Capital Outlay	Ş	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u>.</u>		: :		\$	4,216	. : :	4,233
Debt Service	\$	4,216	\$	4,233		2 144	-	2.100	_		_	
Total Expenses	\$	44,467		43,481 83			\$ \$	2,109		46,611		45,590
Transfer	\$	102	\$					(83)		1 075	\$ \$	- (1: //0)
Change in Net Position	\$	989	\$	(1,584)			\$	136		2.5		(1,448)
Beginning Net Position	\$	8,232	\$	9,499		(1,396)	Þ	(1,532)	\$	6,836	\$	7,967
Reclassification- Note Q	7.4	0.331	<u>\$</u>	317	_	(540)		/1 200	\$		\$ \$	317
Ending Net Position	\$	9,221	5	8,232	; \$	(510)	ڊ>	(1,396)	Ş	8,711	.۶.	6,836

BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

Revenues- General fund revenues exceeded the amount budgeted by approximately \$886,000. The difference is primarily due to receiving additional tax revenue.

Expenditures- Actual general fund expenditures were less than budgeted by approximately \$1.9 million. This is primarily due to the net effect of 1) contingency of \$1.6 million included in budget but not actual; 2) actual salaries exceeded budgeted by approximately \$451 thousand; 3) carryforward purchase orders.

By Kentucky statute, the budget must have at least a 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2022 with approximately \$1,575,000 in contingency or 5% of actual expenditures in the general and food service funds combined.

INFRASTRUCTURE

The District has not reported any infrastructure in the current financial statements.

TABLE 3

Analysis of balances and transactions of individual funds (in thousands)

raidijoio di balalioco alla elalio	actions of mail	iddai i	ai ias (iii		Jusanusj						
Fund		Begi	nning	Re	venues	Exp	enses	Tra	ansfer	End	ling
General Fund	•	\$	3,016	\$	31,876	\$	32,165	\$	366	\$	3,093
Special Revenue		: \$	-	\$	7,386	\$	7,249	: \$	(137)	\$	-
District Activity	: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	141	\$	29	\$	127	: \$	142	\$	185
School Activity		\$	318	\$	764	\$	612	: \$	(142)	\$	328
Capital Outlay		\$	636	\$	331	\$	-	\$	(128)	\$	839
Building		\$	493	\$	4,175	\$	-	\$	(3,792)	\$	876
Construction		\$	487	\$	-	\$	163	\$	87	\$	411
Debt Service	•	\$	3,141	\$	792	\$	4,150	\$	3,705	\$	3,488

TABLE 4
Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt Activity (in thousands)

Governmental	:		Beg	inning	Addi	itions	De	duction	End	ing
Capital Assets			\$	80,643	\$	1,640			\$	82,283
Accumulated Depreciation			\$	32,531	\$	1,640			\$	34,171
Business-Type		÷								:
Capital Assets			\$	1,013	\$	5			\$	1,018
Accumulated Depreciation			\$	889	\$	23			\$	912
Bonds Payable		-	\$	37,296	\$	-	\$	3,005	\$	34,291
Capital Lease			\$	338	\$	-	\$	56	\$	282
Sick Leave Payable		:	\$	287	\$	13	\$	-	\$	300

Factors Affecting the District's Financial Outlook

The following factors may affect the District's financial position in the upcoming fiscal year:

• For FY 23, the District approved the 4% above compensating tax rates of 60.9 cents for real estate, 62.3 cents personal property, and 51.3 cents motor vehicle and 3% for utility tax.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGER

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability of the public funds it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Sheila Mitchell, Superintendent or Jana Moulton, Chief Finance Officer at 502-839-3406 or by mail at 1160 Bypass North, Lawrenceburg, KY 40342.

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISTRICT WIDE As of June 30, 2022

ASSETS Cash and equivalents - Note C Accounts receivable Inventory Capital assets Land and construction in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation Total capital assets	Governmental Activities \$8,810,388 2,169,759 9,484,232 37,254,152 46,738,384	Business-type Activities \$1,265,654 30,878 68,221 101,603 101,603	Total \$10,076,042 2,200,637 68,221 9,484,232 37,355,755 46,839,987
TOTAL ASSETS	\$57,718,531	\$1,466,356	\$59,184,887
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows from advanced bond refundings Deferred outflows from pensions Deferred outflows from OPEB TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$381,453 2,265,761 4,503,228 \$7,150,442	\$0 344,636 <u>296,605</u> \$641,241	\$381,453 2,610,397 <u>4,799,833</u> \$7,791,683
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued salaries & benefits Unearned revenue Interest payable Long-term Liabilities Due within 1 year Due in more than 1 year Pension liability OPEB liability TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$130,075 50,523 1,564,811 226,729 3,136,461 31,750,784 10,154,175 8,652,272 \$55,665,830	\$7,795 1,587,470 <u>476,556</u> \$2,071,821	\$137,870 50,523 1,564,811 226,729 3,136,461 31,750,784 11,741,645 9,128,828 \$57,737,651
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows from pensions Deferred inflows from OPEB TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,866,466 <u>5,556,903</u> 7,423,369	291,797 <u>254,188</u> 545,985	2,158,263 <u>5,811,091</u> 7,969,354
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Accrued sick leave Other SFCC	\$12,165,474 157,168 1,207,607 964,706	\$101,603 (611,812)	\$12,267,077 157,168 595,795 964,706
Future Construction Projects Debt Service Purchase Obligations Unrestricted TOTAL NET POSITION	421,105 3,487,842 460,566 (17,084,694) \$1,779,774	(\$510,209)	421,105 3,487,842 460,566 (17,084,694) \$1,269,565

ᇈ		
OL DISTR		
IY SCHO	TIVITIES	
N COUN	NT OF AC	0 1
ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT	STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	

Revenue and	Position	Total		(\$24,271,598)		(646,916)	(984,867)	(916,025)	(1,859,415)	(653,483)	(3,025,354)	(2,099,463)	0	(29,688)	(319)	(6,572)	(747,308)	(35,241,008)		6,6,569	310,762	987,331	(\$34,253,677)	
Net (Expense) Revenue and	Changes in Net Position Business-type	Activities	,	es.																676,569	310,762	987,331	\$987,331	
	Governmental	Activities		(\$24,271,598)		(646,916)	(984,867)	(916,025)	(1,859,415)	(653,483)	(3,025,354)	(2,099,463)	0	(29,688)	(319)	(6,572)	(747,308)	(35,241,008)					\$400,476 (\$35,241,008)	
nues	Capital Grants and	Contributions	;	80													400.476	400,476					\$400,476	
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and	Contributions		\$4,856,441		224,950	912,594			133,908	212,535	214,224	20		31,155	800,020	a	7,385,877		2,815,113	12,899	2,828,012	\$10,213,889	
i	Charges for	Services		\$0													O 1	0		42,212	260,642	302,854	\$302,854	
		Expenses		\$29,128,039		871,866	1,897,461	916,025	1,859,415	787,391	3,237,889	2,313,687	50	29,688	31,474	806,592	1,147,784	43,027,361		2,180,756	(37,221)	2,143,535	\$45,170,896	
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISTRICT WIDE For the year ended June 30, 2022	FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Governmental Activities	Instruction	Support services:	Student	Instruction staff	District administrative	School administrative	Business	Plant operation and maintenance	Student transportation	Other instruction	Other non instruction	Food Service	Community service activities	Interest on long-term debt	Total governmental activities	Business-type Activities	Food service	Day Care	Total business-type activities	Total school district	

	\$11,384,471	1,153,664	1,370,022	894,840	22,659,693	105,170	01	37,567,860		3,314,183	(2.044.618)	\$1,269,565
						233	(101,557)	(101,324)		886,007	(1,396,216)	(\$510,209)
	\$11,384,471	1,153,664	1,370,022	894,840	22,659,693	104,937	101,557	37,669,184	4	2,428,176	(648,402)	\$1,779,774
Ceneral Revenues	Property taxes	Motor Vehicle taxes	Utilify taxes	Other local revenues	State aid-formula grants	Investment earnings	Transfer	Total general & special		Change in net positions	Net position - beginning	Net position - ending

5

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2022

ASSETS	General Fund	Special Revenue	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	6 0 050 000		00.040.040	60 005 700	MD 040 000
Interfund receivable	\$2,858,303 53,424	\$0	\$3,316,349	\$2,635,736	\$8,810,388
Other receivables	347,075	1.646.997	474 402	4 404	53,424
TOTAL ASSETS	\$3,258,802	\$1,646,997	171,493	4,194 \$2,639,930	2,169,759
TOTAL AGGLIG	\$ 3,236,602	Ф1,040,997	\$3,487,842	\$ 2,038,930	\$11,033,571
LIABILITIES			· ·		
Accounts payable	\$101,007	\$28,762		\$306	\$130,075
Interfund payable		53,424		,	53,424
Accrued Salaries & Benefits	50,523	·			50,523
Accured sick leave payable	14,013				14,013
Unearned revenue		<u>1,564,811</u>			<u>1,564,811</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	165,543	1,646,997		306	1,812,846
Fund Balances					
Restricted					
Sick Leave Payable	157,168				157,168
SFCC				964,706	964,706
Future Construction Projects BG-1				421,105	421,105
Debt Service			3,487,842		3,487,842
Other				1,207,607	1,207,607
Assigned					
Purchase Obligations-Period 13 YE	414,360			46,206	460,566
Unassigned	<u>2,5</u> 21,731				2,521,731
Total fund balances	3,093,259	0	3,487,842	2,639,624	9,220,725
TOTAL LIABILITIES, AND					
FUND BALANCE	\$3,258,802	\$1,646,997	\$3,487,842	\$2,639,930	\$11,033,571

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$9,220,725
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the	
statement of net position	46,738,384
Deferred outflow of resources	7,150,442
Deferred inflow of resources	(7,423,369)
Certain liabilities are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but they are presented in the statement of net position	
Bonds Payab	e (34,291,002)
Capital Lease	es (281,908)
Pension Liabili	ty (10,154,175)
OPEB Liabili	ty (8,652,272)
Accrued Interest on Bono	ls (226,729)
Accumulated Sick Leav	re (300,322)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$1,779,774

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2022

For the year ended June 30, 2022				.	-
	0	0	Bala ou tour	Other	Total
Davianues	General	Special			Governmental
Revenues	Fund	Revenue	Fund	Funds	Funds
From local sources	#0.00 7. 000	•	•	*** 047 000	A44 004 474
Property taxes	\$8,367,389	\$	\$	\$3,017,082	\$11,384,471
Motor vehicle taxes	1,153,664				1,153,664
Utility taxes	1,370,022				1,370,022
Earnings on investments	2,087		102,748	101	104,936
Other local revenues	101,178	72,588		793,665	967,431
Intergovernmental - State	20,881,590			1,489,523	24,237,038
Intergovernmental - Federal		<u>5,793,434</u>			<u>6,136,420</u>
Total revenues	31,875,930	7,385,877	791,804	5,300,371	45,353,982
Expenditures					
Instruction	22,215,779	4,719,810		683,689	27,619,278
Support services					
Student	646,763	224,950			871,713
Instruction staff	968,795	912,594		15,894	1,897,283
District administration	903,236				903,236
School administration	1,855,474				1,855,474
Business	621,963	133,908			755,871
Plant operation and maintenance	2,986,349	212,535		1,532	3,200,416
Student transportation	1,894,891	214,224		8,044	2,117,159
Other instruction		50			50
Other non instruction				29,688	29,688
Food Service	319	31,155			31,474
Day Care Operstions		477,786			477,786
Community service activities	6,572	322,234			328,806
Capital Outlay				162,703	162,703
Debt service	65,259		4,150,475		<u>4,215,734</u>
Total expenditures	32,165,400	7,249,246	4,150,475	901,550	44,466,671
Excess(deficit)of revenues over expenditures	(289,470)	136,631	(3,358,671)	4,398,821	887,311
Other Eingneing Sources (Hear)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in	540.040	404 740	0.705.400		
Operating transfers out	548,248	181,742		228,737	4,663,836
		(318,373)		(4,062,165)	(4,562,280)
Total other financing sources (uses)	366,506	(136,631)	3,705,109	(3,833,428)	101,556
Change in Fund Balance on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes					
in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	77,036	0	346,438	565,393	988,867
Fund balance, July 1, 2021	3.016,223	<u>0</u>	<u>3,141,404</u>	2,074,231	<u>8,231,858</u>
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	\$3,093,259	\$0	\$3,487,842	\$2,639,624	\$9,220,725

See accompanying notes

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds

\$988,867

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense for the year.

Depreciation Expense	(1,640,090)	
Capital Outlays	<u> 266,643</u>	(1,373,447)

Deferred outflows	1,489,502
Deferred inflows	(3,709,969)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Repayment of Bond Principal	3,005,000
Repayment of Capital Leases	56.074

Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.

Change in Accrued Interest	6,876
Change in Pension Liability	963,795
Change in OPEB Liability	1,014,533
Change in Sick Leave	<u>(13,055)</u>

Total Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$2,428,176

See accompanying notes

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of June 30, 2022

ASSETS	Food Service <u>Fund</u>	Day Care <u>Fund</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Cash and Equivalents Accounts Receivable Inventory Capital Assets, net of depreciation	\$1,070,259 24,441 68,221 <u>101,603</u>	\$195,395 6,437	\$1,265,654 30,878 68,221 101,603
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,264,524	\$201,832	\$1,466,356
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows from Pension Deferred Outflows from OPEB	\$302,183 252,661	\$42,453 <u>43,944</u>	\$344,636 296,605
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$554,844	\$86,397	\$641,241
LIABILITIES Account Payable Net Pension liability Unfunded OPEB liability	\$7,695 1,333,851 <u>400,420</u>	\$100 253,619 <u>76,136</u>	\$7,795 1,587,470 <u>476,556</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$1,741,966	\$329,855	\$2,071,821
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows from Pension Deferred Inflows from OPEB TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$245,179 <u>213,578</u> \$458,757	\$46,618 <u>40,610</u> \$87,228	\$291,797 <u>254,188</u> \$545,985
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted - Other Pension Restricted - Other OPEB Restricted - Inventory Restricted Net Position	\$101,603 (1,276,847) (361,337) 68,221 1,087,005	\$0 (257,784) (72,802) <u>201,732</u>	\$101,603 (1,534,631) (434,139) 68,221 1,288,737
TOTAL NET POSITION	(\$381,355)	(\$128,854)	(\$510,209)

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES	Food Service <u>Fund</u>	Day Care <u>Fund</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Lunchroom sales	\$41,955	\$0	\$41,955
Other revenues		260,642	260,899
Other revenues	<u>257</u>	<u>200,042</u>	<u>200,899</u>
Total Operating Revenues	42,212	260,642	302,854
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and wages	921,146	(64,587)	856,559
Contract services	68,991	3,460	72,451
Materials and supplies	1,164,320	23,906	1,188,226
Miscellaneous	3,873		3,873
Depreciation	22,426		22,426
Total Operating Expenses	2,180,756	(37,221)	2,143,535
Operating income (loss)	(2,138,544)	297,863	(1,840,681)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Federal grants	2,518,785		2,518,785
Commodities received	152,614		152,614
State grants	15,896	4,080	19,976
State on-behalf payments	127,818	8,819	136,637
Interest income	233	•	233
Indirect cost transfer to general fund	(101,557)		(101,557)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)	2,713,789	12,899	2,726,688
Change in Net Position	575,245	310,762	886,007
Net Position, July 1, 2021	(956,600)	<u>(439,616)</u>	(1.396,216)
Net Position, June 30, 2022	(\$381,355)	(\$128,854)	(\$510,209)

See accompanying notes

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022	Food Service	Day Care	
	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Totals</u>
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from customers	\$42,212	\$259,361	\$301,573
Cash paid to employees, including benefits	(893,723)	(57,493)	(951,216)
Cash paid to suppliers	<u>(1,114,613)</u>	(27,421)	(1,142,034)
Net cash provided by operating activities	(1,966,124)	174,447	(1,791,677)
CASH FLOW FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from government funding Net cash provided from capital and related	<u>2,558,024</u>		<u>2,558,024</u>
financing activities	2,558,024		2,558,024
mancing activities	2,338,024		2,556,024
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Indirect cost transfer to general fund	<u>(101,557)</u>		<u>(101,557)</u>
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(101,557)		(101,557)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest Income	<u>233</u>		<u>233</u>
Net cash provided from investing activities	233		233
Net increase (decrease) in cash	490,576	174,447	665,023
Cash and equivalents, July 1, 2021	<u>579,683</u>	20,948	600,631
Cash and equivalents, June 30, 2022	\$1,070,259	\$195,395	\$1, 265,654
Reconcilation of Operating income (loss) to Net Cash Provided by Opeating Activities			
Operating income (loss)	(\$2,138,544)	\$297,863	(\$1,840,681)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash			,
provided by operating activities			
Depreciation	22,426		22,426
On-behalf payments	127,818	8,819	136,637
Commodities used	152,614		152,614
Change in pension expense	(100,138)	(130,899)	(231,037)
(Increase) Decrease in accounts receivable		(1,281)	(1,281)
(Increase) Decrease in inventory	(35,653)		(35,653)
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable	<u>5,353</u>	<u>(55)</u>	<u>5,298</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities and			
increase in cash and equivalents	(\$1,966,124)	\$174,44 7	(\$1,791,677)
Schedule of Non-Cash Financing Activities			
Donated commodities	\$152,614		\$152,614
On Behalf payments	\$127,818	\$8,819	\$136,637
_			

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

REPORTING ENTITY

The Anderson County Board of Education (Board), a five member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Anderson County School District (District). The Board receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The Board, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Anderson County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the Board include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Anderson County School District Finance Corporation (the Corporation) – the Anderson County Board of Education has established the Anderson County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) as an agency of the Board for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Anderson County Board of Education also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

District-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the Board that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The district-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the district-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The district-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in total net position. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

Governmental Fund Types

- (A) The General Fund (Fund 1) is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. This is a budgeted fund and any unrestricted fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Special Revenue Fund (Fund 2, 21 and 25) accounts for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

C. Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resource that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund (Fund 310) receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the district's facility plan.

 The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) Fund (Fund 320) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the district's facility plan.

 The Construction Fund (Fund 360) includes Capital Projects Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or renovations. This is a major fund.

II. Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund (Fund 400) is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Debt service funds are used to report resources if legally mandated. Financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years are reported in debt service funds. This is a major fund.

III. Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Fund)

 The School Food Service Fund (Fund 51) is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). This is a major fund of the District.

The Day Care Fund is used to account for day care revenues and related expenses. This is a major fund for the District.

IV. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency and Private Purpose Trust Funds)

1. The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. The District does not currently have any Private Purpose Trust Funds.

V. Permanent Funds

Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs – that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. District-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchanges and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when used is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Property Taxes

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u> – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2022, to finance operations were \$.623 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.623 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.513 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the District, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

The Board intends that accounting practices follow state and federal laws and regulations and generally accepted accounting policies.

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact will be classified as Nonspendable Fund Balance.

Restricted Fund Balance

Fund Balance will be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either; (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations or other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The Board will use restricted amounts before unrestricted amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available.

Committed Fund Balance

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education will be reported as committed fund balance.

Assigned Fund Balance

Amounts that have been assigned for a specific purpose by formal resolution of the Board of Education will be reported as assigned fund balance for a specific purpose.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the general fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classification could be used, the funds will first be spent from committed, then assigned, and then finally unassigned.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities. Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	12 years
Furniture and fixtures	20 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accumulated sick leave payable" in the general fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

Budgetary Process

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the treasurer at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

On district-wide financial statements inventories are stated at cost and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements inventories are stated at cost. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

The food service fund uses the specific identification method and the general fund uses the first-in, first-out method.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. Prepaid assets are only recorded if material to the financial statements.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB). For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and expense information about the fiduciary net position of the CERS and TRS and additions to /deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS and TRS. The plans recognize benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit term.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Net Position

Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools and collections for services such as child care.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated and considered the need to recognize or disclose subsequent events through November 14, 2022, which represents the date that these financial statements were available to be issued. Subsequent events past this date, as they pertain to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, have not been evaluated by the District.

Interfund Activity

Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Uses of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with general accepted accounting principles of the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are not liabilities and therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are reappropriated in the next year. Accordingly, no differences exist between actual results and the applicable budgetary data presented in the accompanying combined financial statements.

NOTE B - PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Property taxes for fiscal year 2022 were levied on the assessed valuation of property located in the School District as of January 1, 2021 lien date. The due date and collection periods for all taxes exclusive of vehicle taxes are as follows:

per KRS 134.015

Upon receipt

December 31

January 1-31

February 1

Description
Due date for payment of taxes
Face value amount payment date
Delinquent date, 5% penalty
Delinquent date, 10% penalty

Vehicle taxes are collected by the County Clerk and are due and collected in the birth month of the vehicle's licensee.

NOTE C - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's total cash and cash equivalents was \$10,076,042. Of the total cash balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository insurance, with the remainder covered by collateral agreements and collateral held by the pledging banks trust departments in the District's name. Cash equivalents are funds temporarily invested in securities with a maturity of 90 days or less.

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	Bank	Book	
	_ Balance	Balance	
General Checking Account	·		
General Fund	\$	\$ 2,858,303	
Fund 2		0	
Fund 21		180,735	
Fund 25		328,444	
Fund 310		839,179	
Fund 320		876,473	
Fund 360		410,905	
Fund 51		1,070,259	
Fund 52		<u>195,395</u>	
Total General Checking Account	7,558,315	6,759,693	
Debt Service Funds	<u>3,316,349</u>	3,316,349	
TOTALS	\$ 10,874,664	\$10,076,042	
Breakdown per financial statements:		,	
Governmental Funds		\$ 8,810,388	
Proprietary Funds		<u>1,265,654</u>	
TOTALS		\$1 <mark>0,076,042</mark>	
DEDOCITE AND INVESTMENTS		• •	

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Interest rate risk. In accordance with the District's investment policy, interest rate risk is limited by investing in public funds with the highest rate of return with the maximum security of principal. Investments are undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure preservation of the capital in its portfolio.

Credit risk. The District's investment policy limits the types of authorized investment instruments to obligations of the United States, its agencies, and instrumentalities. In addition, certificates of deposit or bonds of a bank or the Commonwealth of Kentucky, securities issued by a state or local government or shares of mutual funds are acceptable investments.

Concentration of credit risk. The district may invest, at any one time, funds in any one of the above listed categories with no limitation of the total amount of funds invested on behalf of the District.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. For deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District maintains deposits with financial institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). As allowed by law the depository bank should pledge securities along with FDIC insurance at least equal to the amount on deposit at all times. As of June 30, 2022, the District's deposits are entirely insured and/or collateralized with securities held by the financial institutions on the District's behalf and the FDIC insurance.

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal y	ear ended June	30, 2022 was as	follows:	
Governmental Activities	Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Ending
Land	2,516,231			2,516,231
Land Improvements	1,990,235	22,078		2,012,313
Buildings/Bldg Improvements	60,311,044	36,099		60,347,143
Technology Equipment	2,621,726	81,862		2,703,588
Vehicles	5,228,974	•	480,759	4,748,215
General Equipment	1,133,864	•		1,133,864
Construction Work In Process	6,841,397	<u>162,703</u>	<u>36,099</u>	<u>6,968,001</u>
Total Historical Cost	80,643,471	302,742	516,858	80,429,355
Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	1,467,593	29,864		1,497,457
Buildings/Bldg Improvements	23,460,713	1,355,149		24,815,862
Technology Equipment	2,558,312	49,208		2,607,520
Vehicles	3,994,010	190,298	480,759	3,703,549
General Equipment	<u>1.051.012</u>	<u>15.571</u>		<u>1,066,583</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	32,531,640	1,640,090	480,759	33,690,971
Capital Assets - Net	48,111,831	(1,337,348)	36,099	46,738,384
Business-Type Activities	Ending	Additions	Deletions	Ending
Technology Equipment	32,927			32,927
General Equipment	<u>980,078</u>			<u>980,078</u>
Total Historical Cost	1,013,005			1,013,005
Accumulated Depreciation				
Technology Equipment	32,276			32,276
General Equipment	<u>856.700</u>	<u>22.426</u>		<u>879.126</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	888,976	22,426		911,402
Capital Assets - Net	124,029	(22,426)	•	101,603
Depreciation expense was charged Instruction Support Services	to functions of t \$1,357,50		activities as fo	ollows

Instruction	\$1,357,508
Support Services	
Student	153
Instructional Staff	178
District Administration	12,789
School Administration	3,941
Business	31,520
Plant Operations & Maintenance	37,473
Student Transportation	<u>196,528</u>
Total -Governmental Activities	\$1,640,090

NOTE E - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The amount as of June 30, 2022 shown in the accompanying financial statements as bond obligations represents the following bonds:

<u>Issue</u>	<u>Balance</u>	Rates
2010	6,271,000	0.50% - 2.35%
2012R	330,000	2.00%
2013R	6,035,000	1.00% - 2.50%
2015R	9,090,000	2.00% - 2.125%
2016R	3,200,000	2.00% - 2.50%
2017A	7,275,000	1.00% - 3.00%
2017B	1,315,000	3.00%
2019	<u>6.600.000</u>	3.00%
	\$40,116,000	

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes) and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions as of June 30, 2022.

The District entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

NOTE E - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt transactions for the year ended.

	Beginning			Ending		_
	Balance	Additions	Payments	Balance	Current	Long Term
Bonds	\$37,296,002	\$0	\$3,005,000	\$34,291,002	\$3,065,000	\$31,226,002
Capital Leases	\$337,982	\$0	\$56,074	\$281,908	\$57,448	\$224,460
Sick Leave	<u>\$293,281</u>	<u>\$21,054</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$314,335</u>	<u>\$14,013</u>	\$300.322
Totals	\$37,927,265	\$21,054	\$3,061,074	\$34,887,245	\$3,136,461	\$31,750,784

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2022, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

	Anderson County School		SFCC		Sinking Fund	U.S	
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Anderson	Treasury	Total
2022-23	2,770,178	668,475	294,822	51,247	243,690	363,718	4,392,130
2023-24	2,828,665	609,661	301,335	44,734	243,690	363,718	4,391,803
2024-25	2,892,988	546,823	272,012	37,867	243,690	363,718	4,357,098
2025-26	2,959,004	479,761	250,996	31,350	243,690	363,718	4,328,519
2026-27	3,030,981	410,023	149,019	26,229	243,690	363,718	4,223,660
2027-28	3,067,255	372,614	77,745	23,106	243,690	363,718	4,148,128
2028-29	9,441,885	266,338	84,115	20,697	243,690	181,859	10,238,584
2029-30	410,592	151,122	44,408	18,153	0	0	624,275
2030-31	422,212	138,630	57,788	16,620	0	0	635,250
2031-32	432,755	125,805	52,245	14,970	0	0	625,775
2032-33	449,468	112,572	55,532	13,353	0	0	630,925
2033-34	460,876	98,917	59,124	11,633	0	0	630,550
2034-35	472,129	84,922	57,871	9,878	0	0	624,800
2035-36	487,840	70,522	62,160	8,078	0	0	628,600
2036-37	503,154	55,658	61,846	6,218	0	0	626,876
2037-38	518,602	40,331	61,398	4,369	0	0	624,700
2038-39	533,885	24,544	66,115	2,456	0	0	627,000
2039-40	<u>551,175</u>	<u>8,267</u>	<u>48,825</u>	<u>732</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>608,999</u>
Totals	32,233,644	4,264,985	2,057,356	341,690	1,705,830	2,364,167	42,967,672

NOTE F - CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE

The District participates in the Kentucky Interlocal School Transportation Association (KISTA) equipment lease revenue bonds program for the purpose of acquiring replacement buses.

The issue date, interest rate, and June 30, 2022 balance is as follows:

2016 KISTA	2.00% - 6.25%	\$139,340
2021 KISTA	2.00% - 3.00%	\$198,642

As of June 30, 2022, minimum lease payments (principal and interest) are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$57,448	\$7,788	\$65,236
2024	59,090	6,284	65,374
2025	55,435	4,736	60,171
2026	57,092	3,200	60,292
2027	26,037	1,585	27,622
2028	<u> 26.806</u>	<u>804</u>	<u>27.610</u>
	\$281,908	\$24,397	\$306,305

NOTE G - COMMITMENTS UNDER NONCAPITALIZED LEASES

Commitments under operating lease agreements for equipment provide the minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2022, as follows: Year ending June 30,

2023	\$61,592
2024	12,670
2025	822
2026	0
2027	0
thereafter	<u>0</u>
Total	\$75 084

NOTE H - CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

NOTE I – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which includes Workers' Compensation insurance.

NOTE J - ACCUMULATED UNPAID SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the district an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. At June 30, 2022, this amount totaled \$314,335 of which \$157,168 is restricted in the current year fund balance of the General Fund.

NOTE K - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Receivable Fund

<u>Payable Fund</u>

<u>Amount</u>

General Fund

Special Revenue

\$ 53,424

NOTE L - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District purchases various commercial insurance.

The District purchased unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE M - DEFICIT OPERATING/FUND BALANCES

Funds with a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures

Construction Fund (76,091)

NOTE N - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss. The District notifies the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) when an employee is no longer employed. DEI sends the employee the COBRA requirements.

NOTE O - TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year.

	From	To		
<u>Type</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Operating	1	2	KETS Matching	\$69,703
Operating	2	1	KY ASAP Harm Reduction	\$367
Operating	2	1	Community Early Childhood Council	\$2,285
Operating	2	1	KY ASAP	\$300
			EPSB Supervising Teacher	
Operating	1	2	Supplement	\$52
Operating	1	2	Community Education	\$60,599
Operating	1	2	Gifted and Talented	\$3,888
Operating	1	2	Safe Schools	\$772
Operating	1	2	Vocational	\$1,270
Operating	1	2	School Violence Prevention Program	\$1,582
Operating	1	2	ACE	\$43,876
Operating	51	1	Indirect Cost	\$101,557
Operating	2	1	Indirect Cost	\$315,420
Operating	310	1	COFT	\$128,319
Operating	25	21	District Activities	\$142,125
Debt Service	320	400	Bonds	\$3,705,109
Operating	320	360	Construction	\$86,612
		•		\$4,663,836

NOTE P - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The financial statements include payments made by the Commonwealth of Kentucky for insurance, flexible spending, vocational and retirement benefits. The following amounts are included in each of the functions.

TRS-GASB 68	\$5,102,023
TRS-GASB 75	385,791
Health Insurance	3,562,183
Life Insurance Fees	5,482
Administrative Fees	44,851
HRA/Dental/Vision	183,400
Federal Reimbursement	(304,940)
Technology	118,944
SFCC Debt Service	<u>346,070</u>
Total On Behalf Payments	\$9,443,804
Fund 1	\$8,961,097
Fund 400	346,070
Fund 51	127,818
Fund 52	<u>8,819</u>
Total On Behalf Payments	\$9,443,804

NOTE Q - GASB 87

During the year, the District adopted *GASB 87, Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The District has a two copier leases and two postage machine leases. These leases are not material to the financial statements. No amount has been included as Capital Lease Assets.

NOTE R - GASB 88

The provisions of GASB 88 were adopted by the District for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021. The primary objective of the Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

The District has the following lines of credit:

Credit Cards	\$ 28,000
Amazon	27,000
Vendors	68,000

NOTE S - RETIREMENT PLANS

Subsequent CERS Pension Contributions Subsequent CERS Pension 1,344,025 176,551 33,669 1,554,145 Subsequent CERS OPEB Contributions CERS OPEB 1,662,308 218,360 41,519 1,922,187 Subsequent TRS OPEB Contributions CERS OPEB 1,662,308 218,360 41,519 1,922,187 Subsequent TRS OPEB Contributions 470,260 0 0 0 470,260 1 0 0 0 2,119,000 0 0 0 2,119,000 TRS OPEB LIF 0 0 0,768,989 554,844 86,397 7,410,230 Deferred Inflows CERS Pension 1,866,466 245,179 46,618 2,158,263 CERS OPEB 1,625,903 213,578 40,610 1,880,091 TRS OPEB LIF 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0,3931,000 TRS OPEB LIF 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Deferred Outflows	Fund 1	Fund 51	Fund 52	Total
CERS Pension 1,344,025 176,551 33,569 1,554,145 Subsequent CERS OPEB Contributions 251,660 34,301 2,425 288,386 CERS OPEB 1,662,308 218,360 41,519 1,922,187 Subsequent TRS OPEB Contributions 470,260 0 0 470,260 TRS OPEB MIF 2,119,000 0 0 2,119,000 TRS OPEB LIF 0 0 0 2,119,000 Deferred Inflows 0 0 0 2,119,000 CERS Pension 1,866,466 245,179 46,618 2,158,263 CERS OPEB 1,625,903 213,578 40,610 1,880,091 TRS OPEB LIF 0 0 0 0 3,931,000 TRS OPEB LIF 10 0 0 0 3,931,000 TRS OPEB LIF 0 0 0 7,969,354 Pension Liability 0 0 0 5,613 11,741,645 OPEB Liability 0 0 0		004 700	405.000	0.004	4.050.050
Subsequent CERS OPEB Contributions 251,660 34,301 2,425 288,386 CERS OPEB 1,662,308 218,360 41,519 1,922,187 Subsequent TRS OPEB MIF 2,119,000 0 0 470,260 TRS OPEB MIF 2,119,000 0 0 2,119,000 TRS OPEB LIF 0 0 0 0 0 CERS OPEB LIF 6,768,989 554,844 86,397 7,410,230 Deferred Inflows CERS OPEB 1,662,903 213,578 40,610 1,880,091 TRS OPEB MIF 3,931,000 0 0 3,931,000 TRS OPEB LIF 0 0 0 1,741,645 CERS 3,048,272 400,420 76,136 3,524,828 TRS MIF 5,604,000 0 76,136 9,128,828 <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•		
CERS OPEB 1,662,308 218,360 41,519 1,922,187 Subsequent TRS OPEB Contributions 470,260 0 0 470,260 TRS OPEB MIF 2,119,000 0 0 2,119,000 TRS OPEB LIF 0 0 0 0 0 0 2,119,000 TRS OPEB LIF 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2,119,000 0 0 2,119,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 7,2430 0 0 0 0 1,868,268 0					
Subsequent TRS OPEB Contributions 470,260 0 0 470,260 TRS OPEB MIF 2,119,000 0 0 2,119,000 TRS OPEB LIF 0 1,626,933 213,578 40,610 1,880,091 1RS OPEB MIF 3,931,000 0 0 0 3,931,000 0 0 3,931,000 0 0 3,931,000 0 0 3,931,000 0 0 3,931,000 0	-	· ·			•
TRS OPEB MIF TRS OPEB LIF 2,119,000 0 0 2,119,000 Deferred Inflows 0 1,886,466 245,179 46,618 2,158,263 CERS OPEB MIF 1,625,903 213,578 40,610 1,880,091 TRS OPEB MIF 3,931,000 0 0 0 3,931,000 0 0 3,931,000 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>218,360</td> <td>41,519</td> <td></td>			218,360	41,519	
TRS OPEB LIF 0 1,625,903 213,578 40,610 1,880,091 1 1 1,880,091 1 1,980,091 1 1 1,980,35 1 1,983,100 1 1 1,741,645 1 1,741,645 1 1 1,882,88 1		•		0	
Deferred Inflows				_	2,119,000
Deferred Inflows CERS Pension 1,866,466 245,179 46,618 2,158,263 CERS OPEB 1,625,903 213,578 40,610 1,880,091 TRS OPEB MIF 3,931,000 0 0 3,931,000 TRS OPEB LIF 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	TRS OPEB LIF	_	_	_	_
CERS Pension 1,866,466 245,179 46,618 2,158,263 CERS OPEB 1,625,903 213,578 40,610 1,880,091 TRS OPEB MIF 3,931,000 0 0 3,931,000 TRS OPEB LIF 0 0 0 0 0 Pension Liability 0 458,757 87,228 7,969,354 Pension Liability 0 10,154,175 1,333,851 253,619 11,741,645 OPEB Liability 0 0 0 5,604,000 CERS 3,048,272 400,420 76,136 3,524,828 TRS MIF 5,604,000 0 0 5,604,000 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0 0 CERS 1,292,860 169,830 32,292 1,494,982 OPEB Expense 425,800 55,933 10,635 492,368 TRS MIF (129,000) 0 0 (129,000) TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0		6,768,989	554,844	86,397	7,410,230
CERS OPEB 1,625,903 213,578 40,610 1,880,091 TRS OPEB MIF 3,931,000 0 0 3,931,000 TRS OPEB LIF 0 11,741,645 0 0 0 11,741,645 0 0 0 0 0 11,741,645 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
TRS OPEB MIF TRS OPEB LIF 3,931,000 0 0 3,931,000 TRS OPEB LIF 0 11,741,645 0 0 0 11,741,645 0 <					
TRS OPEB LIF 0 0 0 0 Pension Liability 7,423,369 458,757 87,228 7,969,354 Pension Liability 10,154,175 1,333,851 253,619 11,741,645 OPEB Liability 2 400,420 76,136 3,524,828 TRS MIF 5,604,000 0 0 5,604,000 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0 Pension Expense 1,292,860 169,830 32,292 1,494,982 OPEB Expense 425,800 55,933 10,635 492,368 TRS MIF (129,000) 0 0 (129,000) TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0 Pension Contributions 785,115 103,133 19,609 907,857 OPEB Contributions 55,935 10,635 423,907 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0					
7,423,369 458,757 87,228 7,969,354 Pension Liability 10,154,175 1,333,851 253,619 11,741,645 OPEB Liability 3,048,272 400,420 76,136 3,524,828 TRS MIF 5,604,000 0 0 5,604,000 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0 Pension Expense 0 1,292,860 169,830 32,292 1,494,982 OPEB Expense 0 0 0 1,494,982 OPEB Expense 0 0 0 1,29,000 TRS MIF (129,000) 0 0 1,494,982 OPEB Contributions 0 </td <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3,931,000</td>		_			3,931,000
Pension Liability CERS 10,154,175 1,333,851 253,619 11,741,645 OPEB Liability 3,048,272 400,420 76,136 3,524,828 TRS MIF 5,604,000 0 5,604,000 TRS LIF 0 0 0 9,128,828 Pension Expense 1,292,860 169,830 32,292 1,494,982 OPEB Expense 425,800 55,933 10,635 492,368 TRS MIF (129,000) 0 0 (129,000) TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0 Pension Contributions 785,115 103,133 19,609 907,857 OPEB Contributions 25,436 4,836 223,907 TRS MIF 463,622 0 0 463,622 TRS LIF 0 0 0 463,622 OPEB Contributions 0 0 0 463,622 TRS MIF 463,622 0 0 463,622 TRS LIF	TRS OPEB LIF	_	_		_
CERS 10,154,175 1,333,851 253,619 11,741,645 OPEB Liability CERS 3,048,272 400,420 76,136 3,524,828 TRS MIF 5,604,000 0 0 5,604,000 TRS LIF 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 0 0 0 <td>B 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</td> <td>7,423,369</td> <td>458,757</td> <td>87,228</td> <td>7,969,354</td>	B 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7,423,369	458,757	87,228	7,969,354
OPEB Liability CERS 3,048,272 400,420 76,136 3,524,828 TRS MIF 5,604,000 0 0 5,604,000 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,28,828 0 0 0 1,28,828 0 0 0 1,28,828 0 0 0 1,28,828 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 1,29,086 0 0 0 0 1,29,086 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0					
CERS 3,048,272 400,420 76,136 3,524,828 TRS MIF 5,604,000 0 0 5,604,000 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0 Pension Expense 0 169,830 32,292 1,494,982 OPEB Expense 1,292,860 169,830 32,292 1,494,982 OPEB Expense 425,800 55,933 10,635 492,368 TRS MIF (129,000) 0 0 (129,000) TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0 Pension Contributions 785,115 103,133 19,609 907,857 OPEB Contributions CERS 193,635 25,436 4,836 223,907 TRS MIF 463,622 0 0 463,622 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0	CERS	10,154,175	1,333,851	253,619	11,741,645
CERS 3,048,272 400,420 76,136 3,524,828 TRS MIF 5,604,000 0 0 5,604,000 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0 Pension Expense 0 169,830 32,292 1,494,982 OPEB Expense 1,292,860 169,830 32,292 1,494,982 OPEB Expense 425,800 55,933 10,635 492,368 TRS MIF (129,000) 0 0 (129,000) TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0 Pension Contributions 785,115 103,133 19,609 907,857 OPEB Contributions CERS 193,635 25,436 4,836 223,907 TRS MIF 463,622 0 0 463,622 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0	OPED I Selember				
TRS MIF TRS LIF 5,604,000 0 0 5,604,000 TRS LIF 0 128,828 9 9 <td></td> <td>0.040.070</td> <td>400 400</td> <td>70.400</td> <td></td>		0.040.070	400 400	70.400	
TRS LIF 0 128,828 Pension Expense 2 1,292,860 169,830 32,292 1,494,982 2 1,494,982 2 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 1,494,982 0 0 0 0 1,494,982 0				-	
8,652,272 400,420 76,136 9,128,828 Pension Expense CERS 1,292,860 169,830 32,292 1,494,982 OPEB Expense CERS 425,800 55,933 10,635 492,368 TRS MIF (129,000) 0 0 (129,000) TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0 Pension Contributions 296,800 55,933 10,635 363,368 Pension Contributions 785,115 103,133 19,609 907,857 OPEB Contributions 25,436 4,836 223,907 TRS MIF 463,622 0 0 463,622 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0					
Pension Expense 1,292,860 169,830 32,292 1,494,982 OPEB Expense 425,800 55,933 10,635 492,368 TRS MIF (129,000) 0 0 (129,000) TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0 0 Pension Contributions 296,800 55,933 10,635 363,368 88	I KO LIF	_			
CERS 1,292,860 169,830 32,292 1,494,982 OPEB Expense 425,800 55,933 10,635 492,368 TRS MIF (129,000) 0 0 (129,000) TRS LIF 0	Dension Evnence	8,652,272	400,420	76,136	9,128,828
OPEB Expense CERS 425,800 55,933 10,635 492,368 TRS MIF (129,000) 0 0 (129,000) TRS LIF 0	•	1 202 860	460 000	22.000	4 404 000
CERS 425,800 55,933 10,635 492,368 TRS MIF (129,000) 0 0 (129,000) TRS LIF 0	OLINO	1,282,000	109,030	32,292	1,494,982
CERS 425,800 55,933 10,635 492,368 TRS MIF (129,000) 0 0 (129,000) TRS LIF 0	OPER Expense				
TRS MIF TRS LIF (129,000) 0 0 (129,000) Pension Contributions 296,800 55,933 10,635 363,368 Pension Contributions 785,115 103,133 19,609 907,857 OPEB Contributions CERS 193,635 25,436 4,836 223,907 TRS MIF 463,622 0 0 463,622 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0		425 800	55 033	10.635	102 269
TRS LIF 0 0 296,800 0 0 55,933 10,635 363,368 Pension Contributions 785,115 103,133 19,609 907,857 OPEB Contributions 55,436 4,836 223,907 TRS MIF 463,622 0 0 463,622 0 0 0 0 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		· ·			•
296,800 55,933 10,635 363,368 Pension Contributions CERS 785,115 103,133 19,609 907,857 OPEB Contributions CERS 193,635 25,436 4,836 223,907 TRS MIF 463,622 0 0 463,622 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0					· · · · · · · ·
Pension Contributions CERS 785,115 103,133 19,609 907,857 OPEB Contributions CERS 193,635 25,436 4,836 223,907 TRS MIF 463,622 0 0 463,622 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0		_	_		_
CERS 785,115 103,133 19,609 907,857 OPEB Contributions CERS 193,635 25,436 4,836 223,907 TRS MIF 463,622 0 0 463,622 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0	Pension Contributions	200,000	55,555	10,000	303,300
OPEB Contributions 193,635 25,436 4,836 223,907 TRS MIF 463,622 0 0 463,622 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0		305 445			
CERS 193,635 25,436 4,836 223,907 TRS MIF 463,622 0 0 463,622 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0	CERS	/85,115	103,133	19,609	907,857
CERS 193,635 25,436 4,836 223,907 TRS MIF 463,622 0 0 463,622 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0				•	
TRS MIF 463,622 0 0 463,622 TRS LIF 0 0 0	OPEB Contributions				
TRS MIF 463,622 0 0 463,622 TRS LIF 0 0 0 0 0		193,635	25,436	4,836	223,907
TRS LIF <u>0</u> <u>0</u> <u>0</u> <u>0</u>	TRS MIF				
	TRS LIF	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	-
		657,257	25,436	4,836	

NOTE S – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

Plan Description – Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public education agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

Benefits Provided – For members who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1. Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2. Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of services, including the first ten years. In addition, members who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$20,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions - Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university members are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions of the amount 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative members whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description - In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.00%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three and three quarter percent (3.75%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the Kentucky School District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability because the State of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District

\$ 63,916,436

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2021, the State's proportion for the District was 0.1644 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the State recognized pension expense for the District of \$(9,957,128) and revenue of \$8,102,023 for support provided by the State on the Fund financial statements.

Actuarial assumptions — The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation.

Projected salary increases 3.00 – 7.50%, including inflation

Price Inflation rate 2.50% Wage Inflation rate 2.75%

Cost of living adjustments 1.50% Annually

Municipal Bond Index Rate 2.13% Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.10%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 benefit-weighted tables. All mortality rates are projected from 2010 generational improvement with Scale MP-2020 adjusted to 75% of the standard rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the experience investigation for the five-year period ending June 30, 2020. In addition, the contribution requirements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 use a direct rate smoothing methodology over a five-year period. These revised assumption changes and methods were adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target .	Long-Term Expected Real Rates of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	37.4%	4.2%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	4.7%
Developed International Equity	16.5%	5.3%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.5%	5.4%
Fixed Income	15.0%	-0.1%
High Yield Bonds	2.0%	1.7%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	2.2%
Real Estate	7.0%	4.0%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.9%
Cash	<u>2.0%</u>	-0.3%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the TPL as of the Measurement Date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the District of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.1%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.10%)	(7.10%)	(8.10%)
System's net pension liability	\$86,391,367	\$63,916,436	\$45,247,486

June 30, 2020 is the actuarial valuation date upon which the TPL is based. An expected TPL is determined as of June 30, 2021 using standard roll forward techniques for the actual TPL both before and after the assumption changes due to the experience study and the reduction in the assumed investment rate of return. The difference between these two amounts is show as a change in assumptions. The roll-forward calculation adds the annual normal cost (also called the service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments, and refunds for the plan year and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year. In addition, it has been determined an expected TPL as of June 30, 2021, based on the TPL roll-forward in the June 30, 2020 GASB 67 report. The difference between this amount and the roll-forward of the actual TPL before the assumption changes is reflected as an experience gain or loss for the year.

The District did not report any deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

The District did not have any collective amounts to report as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions to be recognized in future years as pension expense.

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

OPEB

The Actuarially Determined Contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021 for the Life Trust:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percent of payroll
Amortization period (Closed)	26 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed value
Inflation	3.00%
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50% - 7.20%
Discount Rate	7.50%

The Health Trust is not funded based on an actuarially determined contribution, but instead is funded based on statutorily determined amounts. The Schedule of Employer Contributions details the statutorily determined amounts for the Health Trust.

The Total OPEB Liability (TOL) as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2020 valuation based on the experience investigation for the five-year period ending June 30, 2020. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Real wage growth Wage inflation	2.50% 0.25% 2.75%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% - 7.50%
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of	
OPEB plan investment expense, including	
Inflation	
Health Trust	7.10%
Life Trust	7.10%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.13%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	
Health Trust	n/a
Life Trust	n/a
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB	
Plan investment expense, including price	
Inflation	
Health Trust	7.10%
Life Trust	7.10%
Health Trust Health Care Cost Trends	
Under Age 65	7.00% for FYE 2021 decreasing to an
	ultimate rate of 4.50% by FYE 2031
Ages 65 and Older	5.00% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FYE 2024
Medicare Part B Premiums	4.40% for FYE 2021 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2021 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The following exhibit presents the NOL of the Plan, calculated using the health care cost trend rates, as well as what the Plan's NOL would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate. This chart is not shown for the Life Insurance Fund (LIF) since there is no health care trend component of the liabilities:

	Health Care Cost Tren 1% Decrease	<u>id Rate Sensitivity</u> Current	1% Increase
Health Net OPEB Liability	\$4,072,000	\$5,604,000	\$7,512,000
	Health Care NOL F 6.1%	Rate Sensitivity 7.1%	8.1%
Health Net OPEB Liability	\$7,175,000	\$5,604,000	\$4,306,000

Health Trust **Discount rate (SEIR)**: The discount rate used to measure the TOL at June 30, 2021 was 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust.

Projected cash flows:

Health Trust discount rate (SEIR). The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the Measurement Date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%

The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010 were assumed to be paid by either the State or the retirees themselves.

As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$8.00 PMPM paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.

Cash flows occur mid-year.

Future contribution to the Health Trust were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c)3 and 161.550(5), when the Health Trust achieves a sufficient prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the following Health Trust statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:

Employee contributions
School District/University Contributions

State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amounts in the years if/when the Health Trust is projected to achieve a Funded Ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the Health Trust's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675 (4)(b).

In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years, the following was assumed:

Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.

For the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants, active headcounts were assumed to remain flat for all future years.

Based on these assumptions, the Health Trust's FNP was not projected to be depleted.

Life Trust Discount rate (SEIR). The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the Measurement Date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of the Life Trust's cash flows:

Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%

The employer will contribute the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.

As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as the come due they were not considered.

Active employees do not contribute to the plan.

Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the Life Trust's FNP was not projected to be depleted.

The FNP projections are based upon the Health Trust's and the Life Trust's financial statuses on the Valuation Date, the indicated set of methods and assumptions, and the requirements of GASB 74. As such, the FNP projections are not reflective of the cash flows and asset accumulations that would occur on an ongoing basis, reflecting the impact of future members. Therefore, the results of these tests do not necessarily indicate whether or not the Health Trust and the Life Trust will actually run out of money, the financial condition of the Health Trust and Life Trust, or the Health Trust's and the Life Trust's ability to make benefit payments in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Health Insurance Trust

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rates of Return
Global Equity	58.00%	5.10%
Fixed Income	9.00%	-0.10%
Real Estate	6.50%	4.00%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.90%
Additional Category: High Yield	8.00%	1.70%
Other Additional Categories	9.00%	2.20%
Cash	<u>1.00%</u>	-0.30%
Total	100.00%	

Life Insurance Trust

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rates of Return
U.S. Equity	40.00%	4.40%
International Equity	23.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	18.00%	-0.10%
Real Estate	6.00%	4.00%
Private Equity	5.00%	6.90%
Additional Categories	6.00%	2.10%
Cash	<u>2.00%</u>	-0.30%
Total	100.00%	

The following is the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability:

	District	State	Total	
	\$5,604,000	\$4,552,000	\$10,156,000	
District's Proportion of the Colle	ective NOL	Duine Vane		
Current Year Prior Year				
Health	0.261194%	0.24432	29%	
Life	0.000000%	0.00000	00%	

There is no Life Insurance Trust OPEB Liability.

There were no changes between the measurement date of the collective net OPEB liability and the employer's reporting date.

Please see Section V of the report on the website for the development of the collective OPEB expense. The District's proportionate share of the net OPEB expense is \$(129,000).

Since certain items are amortized over closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce OPEB expense they are labeled deferred inflows. If they will increase OPEB expense they are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average remaining service life of the active and inactive system members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five year period.

The table below provide a summary of the deferred inflows and outflows as of the Measurement Date. The allocation of deferred inflows and outflows will be determined by the System.

Health Insurance Trust	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$0	\$3,333,000
Change of Assumptions	1,466,000	0
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	0	598,000
Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and		
Proportionate Share of Contributions	<u>653,000</u>	<u>0</u>
TOTAL	\$2,119,000	\$3,931,000

There are no deferred outflows or inflows for the Life Insurance Trust.

The collective amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Fiscal Years Following the Reporting Date

Chowing				Defer	red Outflows/		erred Outflo	ws/
					s) of Resources th Insurance		(Inflows) of Resources ife Insuranc	 .: e
					Trust		Trust	
Year 1		::			(\$479,000)	:		\$0
Year 2		<u>.</u>			(482,000)			0
Year 3	• • • • •	:			(461,000)			0
Year 4					(428,000)			10
Year 5					(33,000)			0
Thereafter	7 . : ! !		!!!		71.000			<u>0</u>
TOTAL	****		111111		(\$1,812,000)	17 7		0

There are no non-employer contributions recognized for the support provided by non-employer contributing entities in TRS.

KENTUCKY PUBLIC PENSIONS AUTHORITY (KPPA)

<u>Plan description</u>: Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("KPPA"). KPPA is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly. The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of each county and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members.

KPPA issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for KPPA. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Public Pensions Authority, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at https://kyret.ky.gov.

<u>Benefits provided</u>: Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

<u>Contributions</u>: Funding for KPPA is provided by members who contribute 5% (6.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008) of their salary through payroll deductions and by employers of members who contribute 21.17% of the member's salary. The contribution requirements of KPPA are established and may be amended by the KPPA Board of Trustees.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to KPPA during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.184160%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,494,982. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources for District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,056,252, deferred outflows of resources from change of assumptions and expectations of \$1,554,145, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments in the amount of \$2,158,263.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Liability Experience	\$134,830	\$113,961
Assumption Changes	157,587	0
Investment Experience	455,498	2,020,462
Change in Proportionate &		
Differences between Employer		
Contrib & Proportionate Share of		
Plan Contributions	806,230	23,840
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	<u>1,056,252</u>	<u>0</u>
Total	\$2,610,397	\$2,158,26 3

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,056,252 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to KPPA will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
	Outflows
<u>Year</u>	(Inflows)
2022	\$ 276,198
2023	(58,607)
2024	(331,642)
2025	(490,067)
2026	0
	\$ (604,118)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions for Determining the Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability

The total pension liability for KPPA was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date

June 30, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Entry Age Normal Level percent of pay

Amortization Period

30 year closed period at June 30, 2019

Gains/Losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-year amortization bases

Payroll Growth Rate

2.00%

Inflation

2.30%

Salary Increase

3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return

6.25%.

Asset Valuation Method

20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is

recognized

Mortality

System-specific mortality table based on mortality

experience

from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from

MP-2014

mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019

Phase-In provision

Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in

2018

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2021 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2019) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

There have been no actuarial assumption or method changes since June 30, 2020.

House Bill 1 passed during the 2019 Special Legislative Session allows certain employers in the KERS Non-hazardous plan to elect to cease participating in the System as of June 30, 2021 under different provisions than were previously established. Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2021 legislative session delayed the effective date of cessation for these provisions to June 30, 2022. Since each employer's elections are unknown at this time, no adjustment to the Total Pension Liability was made to reflect this legislation.

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2021 legislative session and changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of the Total Pension Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2021. There were no other material plan provision changes.

Senate Bill 169 passed during the 2021 legislative session and increased the disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 is determined using these updated benefit provisions. There were no other material plan provision changes.

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for non-disabled retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

<u>Discount Rate:</u> The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% for the KPPA Non-hazardous assumed that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as amended by House Bill 362 (passed in2018) over the remaining 30 years (closed amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 8 (passed in 2021), over the remaining 30 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

Basis of Accounting

The underlying financial information used to prepare allocation schedules is based on KPPA's combining financial statements. KPPA's combining financial statements for all plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) that apply to governmental accounting for fiduciary funds.

Use of Estimates in Preparation of Schedules

The preparation of the schedules in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain amounts and disclosures. KPPA accrues employer contributions using estimates based on historical data. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The long-term expected return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the tables below. The current long term inflation assumption is 2.30% per annum for both the non-hazardous and hazardous system.

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	21.75%	5.70%
Non U.S. Equity	21.75%	6.35%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	2.80%
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	5.40%
Opportunistic	0.00%	N/A
Private Equity	10.00%	9.70%
Real Return	10.00%	4.55%
Cash	1.50 <u>%</u>	-0.60%
	100.0%	

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

The Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Pension Expense included in the Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer does not include deferred outflows/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contributions or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The net pension liability as of June 30, 2021, is based on the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation rolled forward. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

					 1%	Current	1%
			:		Decrease	discount rate	Increase
	11.1				(5.25%)	(6.25%)	(7.25%)
District's	proportionate	share of t	the				
net pens	•	11.11	: :::::	11. 11.	\$ 15,059,216	\$ 11,741,645	\$ 8,996,412

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KPPA financial report which is publically available at https://kvret.kv.gov.

<u>Payables to the pension plan:</u> At June 30, 2022 the District had payables to KPPA in the amount of \$0 for June's covered payroll with contributions required to be paid in July.

OPEB

KPPA Non-hazardous Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plan for members that cover all regular full-time members. The plan provides for health insurance benefits to plan members. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

The net OPEB liability is the total OPEB liability, less the amount of the plan's fiduciary net position. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information shown in this report are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date June 30, 2020 to the plan's fiscal year end, June 30, 2021, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

The mortality table used for active members is the PUB-2010 General Mortality Table projected with ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018 projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. For disabled members, the PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality Table projected with a 4 year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

Discount Rate:

Single discount rate of 5.20% was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021. The single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 1.92% as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2021. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer's subsidy was not included in the calculation of the plans actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the KRS' trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the ACFR.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding future employer contributions made each year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy, as most recently revised by House Bill 8, passed during the 2021 legislative session. The assumed future employer contributions reflect the provisions of House Bill 362 (passed during the 2018 legislative session) which limit the increases to the employer contribution rates to 12% over the prior fiscal year through June 30, 2028, for the KPPA plans.

The District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2021 is \$3,524,828 The District's proportionate share is 0.184117%. The District's proportionate share of the OPEB expense is \$492,368. The total Deferred Outflows of Resources is \$1,922,187 and the total Deferred Inflows of Resources is \$1,880,091. Total employer contributions were \$223,907, implicit subsidy was \$104,220 for a total contributions of \$328,127.

Discount	Rate	Sensitivity	

	1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase	
	4.20%	5.20%	6.20%	
Net OPEB Liability	4,839,562	3,524,828	2,445,870	

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
Net OPEB Liability	2,537,457	3,524,828	4,716,600

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Valuation Date

June 30, 2019

Experience Study

July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method

Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method

Level Percent of Pay

Remaining Amortization Period

30 Years, Closed period at June 30, 2019, Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over separate closed

20-year amortization bases

Payroll Growth Rate Asset Valuation Method 2.00%

20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation

2.30%

Salary Increases

3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return

6.25%

Healthcare Trend Rates

Pre-65

Initial trend starting at 6.25% at January 1, 2021 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years. The 2020 premiums were known at the time of the valuation and were incorporated

into the liability measurement.

Post-65

Initial trend starting at 5.50% at January 1, 2021 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years. The 2020 premiums were known at the time of the valuation and were incorporated

into the liability measurement.

Phase-in Provision

Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined

rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018 System-specific mortality table based on mortality

Mortality

experience from 2013-2018, projected with ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base

year of 2019.

House Bill 1 passed during the 2019 Special Legislative Session allows certain employers in the KERS Non-hazardous plan to elect to cease participating in the System as of June 30, 2020 under different provisions than were previously established. Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2020 legislative session delayed the effective date of cessation for these provisions to June 30, 2021. Only one employer elected to cease participation under these provisions and freeze benefit accruals for their current employees. As such, there is no material impact on the total OPEB liability due to this legislation.

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2020 legislative session and changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of the Total OPEB Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020.

Senate Bill 169 passed during the 2021 legislative session and increased the disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021, is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

The Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and OPEB Expense include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedule of OPEB Amounts does not include deferred outflows/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contributions or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021, is based on the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation rolled forward. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are amortized over a closed five-year period.

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Liability Experience	\$554,280	\$1,052,396
Assumption Changes	934,499	3,278
Investment Experience	177,591	729,002
Change in Proportionate &		
Differences between Employer		
Contrib & Proportionate Share of		
Plan Contributions	255,817	95,415
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	<u>288,386</u>	<u>0</u>
Total	\$2,210,573	\$1,880,091

The \$288,386 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30,2023.

The following is a summary of collective deferred outflows and Inflows of Resources arising from current and prior reporting periods.

Deferred Amounts to be recognized in Fiscal Years Ending

	Deferred Outflows/		
	(Inflows) of		
	Resources		
2022	\$125,336		
2023	41,516		
2024	45,328		
2025	(170,084)		
2026	\$0		
thereafter	\$0		
Total	\$42,096		

NOTE T - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS FROM ADVANCED BOND REFUNDINGS

The District has issued Refunding Revenue Bonds. The following is a summary of the Unamortized amounts.

Deferred Outflows from Advance Bond Refundings

Beginning Balance	Addition	ons	Current Amortization	Ending Balance
\$ 445,815	\$	0	\$ 64,362	\$ 381,453

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	40.000.000			***
Taxes	10,390,200	10,600,200	10,891,075	290,875
Other Local Sources	41,521	82,323	103,265	20,942
State Sources	<u>19,724,554</u>	<u>20,307,307</u>	20,881,590	<u>574,283</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	30,156,275	30,989,830	31,875,930	886,100
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	18,490,784	21,764,719	22,215,779	(451,060)
Support Services				
Student	771,943	668,550	646,763	21,787
Instructional Staff	1,265,943	1,011,026	968,795	42,231
District Administration	1,188,164	1,130,625	903,236	227,389
School Administration	1,928,794	1,857,609	1,855,474	2,135
Business	987,306	679,605	621,963	57,642
Plant Operation and Maintenance	2,886,198	2,804,129	2,986,349	(182,220)
Student Transportation	2,680,326	2,420,300	1,894,891	525,409
Food Service	• •		319	(319)
Community Services			6,572	(6,572)
Debt Services	238,499	143,884	65,259	78,625
Contingency	2,586,273	1,560,098	<u>0</u>	1,560,098
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	33,024,230	34,040,545	32,165,400	1,875,145
	•	, ,		.,,
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,867,955)	(3,050,715)	(289,470)	2,761,245
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of Assets		5,000		(5,000)
Operating Transfers In	69,170	246,930	548,248	301,318
Operating Transfers Out	<u>(133,215)</u>	(133,215)	(181,742)	(48,527)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(64,045)	118,715	366,506	247,791
Change in Fund Balance on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	(2,932,000)	(2,932,000)	77,036	3,009,036
Fund Balance, July 1, 2021	2,932,000	<u>2,932,000</u>	3,016,223	84,223
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$0	\$0	\$3,093,259	\$3,093,259

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR SPECIAL REVENUE For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES	<u>,</u>			
State Sources	\$1,630,182	\$1,417,301	\$1,519,855	102,554
Federal Sources	2,327,780	4,896,860	5,793,434	896,574
Local Sources	120,057	99,699	72,588	(27,111)
TOTAL REVENUES	4,078,019	6,413,860	7,385,877	972,017
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	2,829,462	4,095,237	4,719,810	(624,573)
Support Services				
Student Support	43,095	160,995	224,950	(63,955)
Staff Support	817,512	818,312	912,594	(94,282)
Business Support	155,218	161,484	133,908	27,576
Student Transportation	75,359	15,917	214,224	(198,307)
Plant Operations & Maintenance		81,946	212,535	(130,589)
Other Instruction			50	, ,
Food Service			31,155	
Day Care Operations		654,170	477,786	
Community Service Operations	<u> 280,988</u>	<u>396,416</u>	<u>322,234</u>	<u>74,182</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,201,634	6,384,477	7,249,246	(864,769)
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(123,615)	29,383	136,631	107,248
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating Transfers In	158,466	133,215	181,742	48,527
Operating Transfers Out	(34,851)	<u>(115,884)</u>	(318,373)	<u>(202,489)</u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	123,615	17,331	(136,631)	(153,962)
Excesss (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over Expenditures and				
Other Financing Uses	0	46,714	0	(46,714)
Restricted Fund Balance, July 1, 2021	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Restricted Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$0	\$46,714	\$0	(46,714)

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

District's pronortion of the net nension liability (asset)	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
TRS	80	0\$	0\$	0\$	\$0	0\$	0\$	9
CERS Total	\$11,741,645 \$11,741,645	\$13,188,576 \$13,188,576	\$11,497,059 \$11,497,059	\$10,210,640 \$10,210,640	\$10,232,869 \$10,232,869	\$9,076,288 \$9,076,288	\$7,959,909 \$7,959,909	\$6,197,781 \$6,197,781
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) TRS CERS	0.000000% 0.184160%	0.000000% 0.172000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000% 0.174822%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District TRS	\$63,916,436	\$64,621,864	\$62,010,256	\$60,006,290	\$120,788,524	\$135,094,269	\$108,299,752	\$96,394,423
District's covered employee payroll TRS CERS	\$16,115,831 \$4,705,500	\$15,408,526 \$4,394,489	\$15,010,640 \$4,138,222	\$15,100,248 \$4,144,856	\$14,585,626 \$4,404,093	\$14,489,369 \$4,396,169	\$14,790,294 \$4,472,335	\$14,732,249 \$4,418,498
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll TRS CERS	0.00% 246.13%	0.00%	0.00% 277.83%	0.00% 246.34%	0.00% 232.35%	0.00% 202.94%	0.00% 180.15%	0.00% 136.47%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability TRS CERS		58.27% 47.81%	58.76% 50.45%	59.28% 53.54%	39.83% 53.30%	35.22% 55.50%	42.49% 59.97%	45.59% 66.80%
Note: The exhadile is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal vears	10 fecal veam							

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

16 2015	\$0 03 \$533,955 03 \$533,955	\$0 <u>603</u> \$533,955 63 \$533,955	0\$ 0\$ 0\$ 0\$	4 \$14,732,249 5 \$4,418,498 9 \$19,150,747	% 12.08% % 18.31%
7 2016	\$555.4 \$555,4	\$555,4 \$555,4	\$ 60 08 08 08	\$14,489,369 \$14,790,294 <u>\$4,396,169</u> \$4,472,335 \$18,885,538 \$19,262,629	% 12.42% % 22.55%
2017	\$614.2 \$614,2	\$614.2 \$614,2			13.97%
2018	\$0 \$ 593,780 \$593,780	\$0 \$593_780 \$593,780	\$ \$ \$	\$14,585,626 <u>\$4,404,093</u> \$18,989,719	0.00% 13.48%
2019	\$0 \$ <u>601,684</u> \$601,684	\$0 \$601,684 \$601,684	9 9 9 9	\$15,100,248 \$4,144,856 \$19,245,104	0.00% 14.52%
2020	\$0 \$ <u>668,826</u> \$668,826	\$0 \$668.826 \$668,826	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$15,010,640 <u>\$4,138,222</u> \$19,148,862	0.00% 16.16%
2021	\$0 \$850,077 \$850,077	\$0 \$850,077 \$850,077	G G G	\$15,408,526 <u>\$4,394,489</u> \$19,803,015	0.00% 19.34%
2022	sn \$0\$ \$907,857 \$907,857	ntractually required contribution \$0 \$ <u>\$907,857</u> \$907,857	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$16,115,831 \$4,705,500 \$20,821,331	covered employee payroll 0.00% 19.29%
	Contractually required contributions TRS CERS Total	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution \$0 TRS \$\frac{\pi_007.857}{\pi_007.857}\$ Total \$\frac{\pi_007.857}{\pi_007.857}\$	Contribution deficiency (excess) TRS CERS	District's covered employee payroll TRS CERS Total	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll TRS 0.00 CERS

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

District's r	proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Districts	CERS	\$3,524,828	\$4,152,794	\$2,748,819	\$2,977,303	\$3,514,520
	TRS - Medical Insurance	\$5,604,000	\$6,166,000		\$8,205,000	
Total	TRS - Life Insurance	<u>\$0</u> \$9,128,828	<u>\$0</u> \$10,318,794	<u>\$0</u> \$9,833,819	<u>\$0</u> \$11,182,303	<u>\$0</u> \$11,946,520
District's p	proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (as	set)				
	CERS	0.184117%	0.172000%	0.163400%	0.167690%	0.174822%
	TRS - Medical Insurance	0.261194%	0.244329%	0.242083%	0.236473%	0.236480%
	TRS - Life Insurance	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%
	oportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asse	et)				
	TRS - Medical Insurance	\$4,552,000	\$4,939,000	\$5,722,000	\$7,071,000	\$6,888,000
	TRS - Life Insurance	\$61,000	\$149,000	\$133,000	\$121,000	\$63,000
Total		\$4,613,000	\$5,088,000	\$5,855,000	\$7,192,000	\$6,951,000
District's o	covered employee payroll					
	TRS	\$16,115,831	\$15,408,526	\$15,010,640	\$15,100,248	\$14,585,626
	CERS	\$4,705,500	<u>\$4,394,489</u>	\$4,138,222	\$4,144,856	\$4,404,093
Total		\$20,821,331	\$19,803,015	\$19,148,862	\$19,245,104	\$18,989,719
	proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (as	set)				
as a perce	entage of its covered payroll CERS	740404				
	TRS - Medical Insurance	74.91%	94.50%	66.43%	71.83%	79.80%
	TRS - Life Insurance	34.77%	40.02%	47.20%	54.34%	57.81%
	1 NO - Life Insurance	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduci OPEB liab	iary net position as a percentage of the total	•				
	CERS	89.15%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	52.40%
	TRS - Medical Insurance	51.74%	39.05%	32.58%	25.54%	21.18%
	TRS - Life Insurance	89.15%	71.57%	73.40%	74.97%	79.99%

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractua	ally required contributions					
001111010101	CERS	\$223,907	\$209,750	\$216,894	\$230,881	\$223,384
	TRS - Medical Insurance	\$463,622	\$431,502	\$421,533	\$421,233	\$405,157
	TRS - Life Insurance	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total		\$687,529	\$641,252	\$638,427	\$652,114	\$628,541
Contribution	ons in relation to the contractually re	quired contributio	n			
	CERS	\$223,907	\$209,750	\$216,894	\$230,881	\$223,384
	TRS - Medical Insurance	\$463,622	\$431,502	\$421,533	\$421,233	\$405,157
	TRS - Life Insurance	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total		\$687,529	\$641,252	\$638,427	\$652,114	\$628,541
Contribution	on deficiency (excess)	,				
	CERS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	TRS - Medical Insurance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	TRS - Life Insurance	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's o	covered employee payroll					
	TRS	\$16,115,831	\$15,408,526	\$15,010,640	\$15,100,248	\$14,585,626
	CERS	\$4,705,500	<u>\$4,394,489</u>	<u>\$4,138,222</u>	<u>\$4,144,856</u>	<u>\$4.404,093</u>
Total		\$20,821,331	\$19,803,015	\$19,148,862	\$19,245,104	\$18,989,719
Contributi	ons as a percentage of covered emp	ployee payroll				
	TRS	2.88%	2.80%	2.80%	2.79%	5.07%
	CERS	4.76%	4 .77%	5.24%	5.57%	2.80%

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022

GENERAL INFORMATION

Contributions

Contractually required employer contributions reported on the Schedule of Pension Contributions exclude the portion of contributions paid to CERS but allocated to the insurance fund of the CERS. The insurance contributions are reported on the Schedule of OPEB Contributions.

Contractually required employer contributions reported on the Schedule of Pension Contributions exclude the portion of contributions paid to TRS but allocated to the insurance fund of the TRS. The insurance contributions are reported on the Schedule of OPEB Contributions.

Payroll

The District's covered payroll reported on the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – CERS and the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – CERS Schedules is one year prior to the District's fiscal year payroll as reported on the Schedule of Contributions for CERS Pension and CERS OPEB.

The District's covered payroll reported on the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – TRS and the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – TRS Schedules is one year prior to the District's fiscal year payroll as reported on the Schedule of Contributions for TRS Pension and TRS OPEB.

CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

June 30, 2021 - CERS Pension Nonhazardous

There have been no actuarial assumption or method changes since June 30, 2020.

Senate Bill 169 passed during the 2021 legislative session and increased the disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability.

June 30, 2021 - CERS OPEB Nonhazardous

The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability within the plan decreased from 5.34% to 5.05%.

The assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30,2020 valuation process and updated to better reflect the plans' anticipated long-term healthcare cost increases. In general, the updated assumption is assuming higher future increased in healthcare costs.

June 30, 2021 - TRS Pension

There have been no actuarial assumption or method changes since June 30, 2020.

June 30, 2021 - TRS OPEB

The following changes to assumptions were made during the year:

Health Trust and Life Trust

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the PUB2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.

The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%.

The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%.

The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

June 30, 2020 - CERS Pension and CERS OPEB Nonhazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020 for OPEB:

The initial healthcare trend rate for per-65 was changed from 7% to 6.4%. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 5% to 2.90%, which increased to 6.30% in 2023.

June 30, 2020 - TRS Pension and TRS OPEB

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, for TRS-OPEB-Medical Insurance Plan:

The assumed investment rate of return increased from 7.5% to 8.0%.

The following changes in assumptions are made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, for TRS OPEB-Life Insurance Plan:

The assumed projected salary increases decreased from a range of 3.50% - 7.45% to 3.50% - 7.20%. The assumed municipal bond index rate was decreased from 3.5% to 2.2%.

June 30, 2019 - CERS Pension and CERS OPEB Nonhazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for both CERS pension and CERS OPEB:

The assumed rate of salary increases was increased from 3.05% to 3.30% to 10.3% on average.

June 30, 2019 -TRS Pension and TRS OPEB

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for TRS pension:

The assumed municipal bond index rate was decreased from 3,89% to 3,50%.

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for TRS OPEB-Medical Insurance Plan:

The assumed projected salary decreased from 4.0%-8.1%, including wage inflation, to 3.5%-7.2%, including wage inflation.

The assumed wage inflation dropped from 4.0% to 3.5%.

The assumed municipal bond index rate was decreased from 3.89% to 3.50%.

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for TRS OPEB-Life Insurance Plan:

The assumed net investment rate of return decreased from 8.0% to 7.5%. The assumed municipal bond index was decreased from 3.89% to 3.50%.

June 30, 2018 -CERS Pension and CERS OPEB Nonhazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 for either CERS pension or CERS OPEB.

June 30, 2018 -TRS Pension and TRS OPEB

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, for TRS pension and TRS OPEB:

For TRS Pension the assumed discount rate was increased from 4.49% to 7.50%. For TRS OPEB-Medical Insurance Plan health care trend rates were updated.

June 30, 2017 -CERS Pension Nonhazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

The assumed rate of return was decreased from 7.50% to 6.25%.

The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%.

Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4% to 2%.

June 30, 2017 -TRS Pension

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2015 with projection scale BB, set forward two project years for males and one year for females rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with scale AA.

June 30, 2016 -CERS Pension and CERS OPEB Nonhazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2016 for either CERS pension or CERS OPEB.

June 30, 2017 -TRS Pension

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2016, for TRS pension:

The assumed municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.82% to 3.01%, resulting in a change in the Single Equivalent Interest Rate from 4.88% to 4.20%.

June 30, 2015 - CERS Pension Nonhazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

The assumed rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.

The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%.

The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%.

Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.5% to 4.0%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).

For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used in the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females).

For Disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were updated to reflect experience more accurately.

June 30, 2015 -TRS Pension

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015 for TRS pension.

June 30, 2014 -CERS Pension Nonhazardous and TRS Pension

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2014.

June 30, 2013 -CERS Pension Nonhazardous

The assumed rate of return was 7.75%.

The assumed rate of inflation was 3.50%.

The assumed rate of wage inflation was 1.00%.

Payroll growth assumption was 4.5%.

Mortality rates were based on the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all retired members and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2006. The 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table was used for all other members.

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2022

ASSETS AND RESOURCES	District Activity Fund	School Activity Fund	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Building Fund	Construction Fund	Total
Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable	\$180,735 <u>4,194</u>	\$328,444	\$839,179	\$876,473	\$410,905	\$2,635,736 4,194
TOTAL ASSETS AND RESOURCES	\$184,929	\$328,444	\$839,179	\$876,473	\$410,905	\$2,639,930
LIABILITIES Account payable	\$306					\$306
TOTAL LIABILITIES	306					306
FUND BALANCES Assigned - Purchase Obligations Resticted - SFCC Restricted - Future Construction	46,206		557,811 10,200	406,895	410,905	46,206 964,706 421,105
Restricted - Other	<u>138,417</u>	<u>328,444</u>	<u>271,168</u>	<u>469,578</u>		<u>1,207,607</u>
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	184,623	328,444	839,179	876,473	410,905	2,639,624
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$184,929	\$328,444	\$839,179	\$876,473	\$410,905	\$2,639,930

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES	District Activity Fund	School Activity Fund	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Building Fund	Construction Fund	Total
From local sources	•	\$	œ.	62.047.002	\$	\$3,017,082
Property Taxes Earnings on Investments	\$	ֆ 101	\$	\$3,017,082	Þ	\$3,017,002 101
Other local sources	29,242	764,423				793.665
Intergovernmental-State			<u>331,918</u>	<u>1,157,605</u>		<u>1,489,523</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	29,242	764,524	331,918	4,174,687	0	5,300,371
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction	125,705	557,984				683,689
Instruction Staff Support	,	15,894				15,894
Other Non-Instruction		29,688		•		29,688
Plant Operations & Maintenance	1,532					1,532
Student Transportation		8,044				8,044
Building Improvements					<u>162.703</u>	<u>162,703</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	127,237	611,610			162,703	901,550
Excess (deficit) revenues over expenditures	(97,995)	152,914	331,918	4,174,687	(162,703)	4,398,821
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in	142,125				86,612	228,737
Operating transfers out		<u>(142,125)</u>	<u>(128,319)</u>	<u>(3,791,721)</u>		<u>(4.062,165)</u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	142,125	(142,125)	(128,319)	(3,791,721)	86,612	(3,833,428)
Excess (deficit) revenues and other						
financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	44,130	10,789	203,599	382,966	(76,091)	565,393
Restricted Fund Balance, July 1, 2021	<u>140,493</u>	<u>317,655</u>	635,580	493,507	486,996	<u>2,074,231</u>
Restricted Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$184,623	\$328,444	\$839,179	\$876,473	\$410,905	\$2,639,624

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS Fund 25 For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Cash Balance 7/1/2021	s Receipts		Cash Balances June 30, 2022
Anderson County High School	\$177,447	\$576,941	\$542,892	\$2 11, 49 6
Anderson County Middle School	\$92,651	\$83,008	\$99,901	\$75,758
Early Childhood Center	\$6,726	\$15,162	\$14,433	\$7,455
Emma B. Ward Elementary	\$23,457	\$30,193	\$42,519	\$11,131
Saffell Street Elementary	\$9,597	\$24,075	\$22,204	\$11,468
Robert B. Turner Elementary	<u>\$10,807</u>	<u>\$38,357</u>	<u>\$38,028</u>	<u>\$11,136</u>
TOTAL ACTIVITY FUNDS	\$320,685	\$767,736	\$759.977	\$328.444

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS ANDERSON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Cash Balances				Cash Balances
	July 1, 2021	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers	June 30, 2022
Library	107		107		0
Building Rental	0	748		(748)	0
Cash/Start-Up	0	3,700	3,700		0 360
College Coach	360				566
Bearats to Europe Graphics Design	566 236	151	345	210	252
Robotics	559	131	50	210	509
Allsports	1,866	6,878	4,701	(4,039)	4
Athletic Fees	2,803	87	7,560	4,670	0
Bass Fishing	939	2,855	1,918		1,876
Archery	4,016	10,990	10,200	777	5,583
Baseball	18,296	27,633	37,692	(291)	7,946
Softball	6,712	6,490	9,386	378	4,194
Boys Basketball	15,338	31,680	24,762	(2,008)	20,248 3,564
Girls Basketball	11,777	34,035 30,274	28,653 31,247	(13,595) (145)	3,027
Athletic Concessions	4,145 2,571	8,687	3,404	(155)	7,699
Soccer-Boys Soccer-Girls	6,080	18,871	16,074	(130)	8,747
Varsity Cheer	4,777	33,029	36,600	()	1,206
Cross Country	95	1,155	688	225	, 787
Dance Team	1,828	3,821	6,049	400	0
Disc Golf	1,198	3,886	2,692	(130)	2,262
Football	4,651	42,514	29,481	(3,876)	13,808
Weightlifting	223	350		(00.1)	573
Volleyball	1,107	6,450	6,097	(221)	1,239
Golf-Boys	2,368	11,252	9,991	100	3,729 3,969
Golf-Girls	3,169	10,078 616	9,203 240	(75)	2,324
Tennis-Boys	1,948 2,368	1,232	1,014		2,586
Tennis-Girls Track	2,667	8,177	3,170		7,674
Wrestling	1,840	7,898	8,035		1,703
Bowling	2,319	3,039	4,790		568
Swim Team	4,748		391		4,357
FCCLA	1,775	3,348	4,471	(301)	351
Beta Club	3,859	2,900	3,624	(130)	3,005
National Honor Society	610	495	949	4.0	156
Green Club	740	65		10	603 79
Kuna International	469	5,533	5,493	(430)	21,880
Drama/ACT Cats	18,001 743	15,777	11,898 39		704
FCA	743		55	250	250
SP ED Pass SP ED Rewards	3	185		(3)	
FFA	3,446	22,456		(40)	
AG Shop	0	1,176		250	1,019
GT Clubs	631	1,630	1,843		418
Art	26	100	+		126
Mud Club/Creamics	121		400		121
Pep Club	0	771			608 555
Esports	899	1,463	i 1,807 64		132
Spanish Honor Society	196 312		39		273
Academic Team	35			(35)	
PAC Key Club	108	111	638	420	1
STLP	118	•			118
Prom	0	18,913	15,926	145	3,132
FCS-Holly Wampler	985	1,346	1,529	171	973
Greenhouse	3,472	6,666			7,133
Chours	9,134	8,702		(65)	
Band	2,334	67,593		(250)	
Annual	13,112	21,312		1,637	33,520 76
Guidance	0	508		(322	
Pepsi	362 3 122	5,103 3,65		(022	4,348
Pepsi-TL	3,122	2,00	. 2,-,20		,,- 15

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS ANDERSON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

Senior Class	Beginning Cash 143	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers	Ending Cash 143
Collections from Techers	933	521	200	(1,254)	0
FFA	0	35		(35)	0
General Sweep	81	538	1,868	1,254	5
Building Rental-Sweep	0	7,600	8,348	748	0
Library-Sweep	0	112	112		0
Student Fee Sweep	0	51,617	51,495	(122)	0
Girls Basketball Sweep	0	5,893	22,432	16,539	0
All Sports Sweep	0	3,385	3,385	,	0
Baseball Sweep	0		216	216	0
Football Sweep	<u>o</u>	860	860	0	0
	\$177,4 4 7	\$576,941	\$542,89 <u>2</u>	\$0	\$211,496

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Passed-Through Grantor	Federal Assistance Listing	Pass Through Grantor's	Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditur <u>es</u>
riogram or orditer rule	<u>ivaniber</u>	<u>radinibor</u>	<u>Experialtargo</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Commodities	10.555	not provided	\$152,614
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005	624,497
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002	1,746,777
National School Lunch Program	10.555	9980000	97,948
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7740023	34,585
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024	<u>8,475</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,664,896
State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT)			
Administrative Costs Grant	10.649	9990000	3,100
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001	<u>3,403</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			2,671,399
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education			
Title I, Part A	04.040	840000	400.005
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002	438,065
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84,027	3810002	922,633
IDEA B - ARP COVID funds	84.027	4910002	76,649
IDEA B Preschool - ARP COVID funds	84.173	4900002	6,005
Early Childhood Regional Training Center	84.173	3800003	385,313
Special Education-Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool)	84.173	3800002	96,630
Openial Education (1000) of all to (1000)		subtotal	1,487,230
IDEA, State Improvement Grant	84.323	3840001	50,911
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002	112,456
Title IV, Part A	84.424	3420002	23,978
Career and Technical Education	84.048	3710002	22,021

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Passed-Through Grantor <u>Program or Cluster Title</u>	Federal Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Pass Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal Expenditures
COVID 19			
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)			
Geer If Funds Career to Cradle FRYSC	84.425C	564GF	17,356
Cares Act Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D	4000002	5,208
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund		4200002	1,307,092
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	4000003	180,440
American Rescue Plan - ARP ESSER	84.425U	4300002	560,422
American Rescue Plan - ARP ESSER	84.425U	4300005	3,866
American Rescue Plan - ARP ESSER Total COVID	84.425U	4300002	<u>1,086,426</u>
Total OOVID			3,160,810
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			5,295,471
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
Passed through Kentucky Justice & Public Safety Cabinet			
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grant	16.710	437GS	4,907
U.S. Health and Human Services Passed through Kentucky Department for Community Based	1 Services		
CCDF Cluster	a Oel AICE2		
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	not provided	<u>477,786</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			8,449,563

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Anderson County School District (the "District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

The District did not use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Note 3 - Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities disbursed, totaling \$152,614.

DENISE M. KEENE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT P.O. BOX 1444 GEORGETOWN, KENTUCKY 40324 859-421-5062

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

State Committee For School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Anderson County School District Lawrenceburg, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, Audits of States and Local Governments, and Non-profit Organizations, and the audit requirement prescribed by the Kentucky Committee for School District Audits, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Anderson County Board of Education as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

I noted certain matters that I reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated November 14, 2022.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Denise M. Keene

Denise M. Keene, CPA Georgetown, Kentucky November 14, 2022

DENISE M. KEENE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT P.O. BOX 1444 GEORGETOWN, KENTUCKY 40324 859-421-5062

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

State Committee For School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Anderson County School District Lawrenceburg, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Anderson County School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements, referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance

resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentation, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- b. Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- c. Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Denise M. Keene

Denise M. Keene, CPA Georgetown, Kentucky November 14, 2022

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

An unmod	dified opini	on was i	issued o	on the	financial	statements.
----------	--------------	----------	----------	--------	-----------	-------------

Internal control over financial reporting Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(s) identified that are considered to be material weakness(es)? Noncompliance material to financial statement	yes X none reported
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(s) identified that are considered to be material weakness(es)	yes X no not yes X_ none reported
An unmodified opinion was issued on compl	iance for all major programs.
Any audit findings disclosed that are require in accordance with 2CFR 200.516(a)?	d to be reported yes _X_ no
Identification of major programs	
Federal Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.425C, 84.425D, 84.425U 84.027, 84.173	Education Stabilization Fund Special Education Cluster
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betweer	type A and type B programs: \$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>X</u> yes no
Section II – Financial Statement Findings	
None	
Section III – Federal Award Findings and Qu	uestioned Costs
None Reported	

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

PRIOR YEAR - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None were reported last year.

PRIOR YEAR - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None were reported last year.

MANAGEMENT LETTER

DENISE M. KEENE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT P.O. BOX 1444 GEORGETOWN, KENTUCKY 40324 859-421-5062

Anderson County Board of Education Lawrenceburg, Kentucky

We have audited the financial statements of the Anderson County School District for the year ended June 30, 2022 and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2022. As part of our audit, we made a study and evaluation of the District's system of internal accounting control to the extent we considered necessary to evaluate the system as required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. The purpose of our study and evaluation was to determine the nature, timing and extent of the auditing procedures necessary for expressing an opinion on the District's financial statements. Our study and evaluation was more limited than would be necessary for expressing an opinion on the system of internal accounting control taken as a whole.

The management of the Anderson County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal accounting control. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of control procedures. The objectives of a system are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Because of inherent limitations in any system of internal accounting control, errors, or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with procedures may deteriorate.

Our study and evaluation made for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph would not necessarily disclose all material weaknesses in the system of internal accounting control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the system of internal accounting control of the Anderson County School District taken as a whole. Our study and evaluation disclosed no condition that we believe to be a material weakness.

The District corrected all of last year's management comments.

Denise M. Keene. CPA November 14, 2022

CURRENT YEAR MANAGEMENT POINTS

Central Office

2022-001

Insurance coverage did not meet the Property Insurance Replacement Cost requirements for insurance during the fiscal year. I recommend the District review its insurance coverage to comply with KDE's requirements.

Management's Response:

The insurance company issued the policy with the incorrect property rates for FY2022. We assumed that the underwriter ensured that the rates used were in compliance with KDE's requirements. We have made sure that the rates for FY2023 are the current rates required by KDE. Going forward, we will pull the rates from KDE's website just prior to the board meeting when we approve the new year policy to ensure that the rates used are correct.

ANDERSON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

2022-002

According to the Redbook, Fundraisers are to benefit students. A Baseball banquet was paid using fundraising proceeds. Family member dinners were paid using fundraising funds.. This is not allowed. I recommend the Principal remind staff that payments not benefiting students are not allowed.

Management's Response:

The ACHS Principal and Athletic Director will remind the baseball coach and all other coaches/staff that all fundraising proceeds can only be used on student athletes. We will also check to make sure this information is updated in our 2022-2023 training documents.

ANDERSON COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL

No comments

EMMA B WARD ELEMENTARY

No comments

ROBERT B TURNER ELEMENTARY

No Comments

SAFFELL STREET ELEMENTARY

No comments

EARLY CHILDHOOD CENTER

No comments